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Appendix A.3

NCUA v. Credit Suisse Grp. AG, No. 13-2497 (D. Kan.)

Original Complaint filed Sept. 23, 2013; Amended Complaint filed Oct. 6, 2014

Credit Union & Dates of Conservatorship and Liquidation ¹	Claims Subject To Timeliness Challenges ²	Pre-Conservatorship Statutes of Limitation ³	Claims Timely As Of Conservatorship If They Did Not Accrue Prior To ⁴	Expiration of Minimum 3- Year Limitations Period for Tort Claims	Expiration of Minimum 6- Year Limitations Period for Contract Claims
WesCorp (CA) 3/20/09 (conservatorship) 10/1/10 (liquidation)	C, UE, TI, UCL	C: 4 years UE: 4 years TI: 2 years UCL: 4 years	C: 3/20/2005 UE: 3/20/2005 TI: 3/20/2007 UCL: 3/20/2005	10/1/2013	10/1/16
U.S. Central (KS) 3/20/09 (conservatorship) 10/1/10 (liquidation)	C, UE, TI	C: 5 years UE: 5 years TI: 2 years	C: 3/20/2004 UE: 3/20/2004 TI: 3/20/2007	10/1/2013	10/1/16
Members United (IL) 9/24/10 (conservatorship) 10/31/10 (liquidation)	C, UE, TI	C: 5 years UE: 5 years TI: 2 years	C: 9/24/2005 UE: 9/24/2005 TI: 9/24/2008	10/31/2013	10/31/16
Southwest (TX) 9/24/10 (conservatorship) 10/31/10 (liquidation)	C, UE, TI	C: 4 years UE: 2 years TI: 2 years	C: 9/24/2006 UE: 9/24/2008 TI: 9/24/2008	10/31/2013	10/31/16

NCUA only brings antitrust claims on behalf of Constitution, and Defendants do not challenge the timeliness of those claims.

These abbreviations are used: breach of contract ("C"), unjust enrichment ("UE"), tortious interference ("TI"), Unfair Competition Law ("UCL")

For the purpose of this motion, NCUA assumes Defendants are correct that Kansas's statutes of limitations apply to NCUA's common law claims preconservatorship; that the pre-conservatorship statute of limitations for the TI claims is two years; and that the pre-conservatorship statute of limitations is four years for the UCL claim. *See* Master Appendix, Schedule J.4, K.3, and L.3. Defendants, however, are incorrect that the statute of limitations for the unjust enrichment claims is three years. *See* Master Appendix, Schedule L.3. NCUA's Kansas unjust enrichment claims are governed by a five-year statute of limitations. *See Freebird, Inc. v. Merit Energy Co.*, 883 F. Supp. 2d 1026, 1031 (D. Kan. 2012) (Kan. Stat. Ann. § 60-511 applied to unjust enrichment claims for an "implied in fact" contract, citing *Smith v. Amoco Prod. Co.*, 31 P.3d 255, 264-68 (Kan. 2001)); NCUA Compl. ¶ 304. Due to Kansas's borrowing statute, shorter two- and four- year statutes of limitations apply to the unjust enrichment claims for Southwest and WesCorp, respectively. *See* Kan. Stat. Ann. § 60-516 (out-of-state plaintiffs must satisfy the statute of limitations of the state where the cause of action accrued); Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code § 16.003; Cal. Civ. Pro. § 337; *cf.* 735 ILCS 5/13-205. The statute of limitations for the contract claims are as follows: Kan. Stat. Ann. § 60-511(1) (5 years); Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code § 16.051 (4 years); Cal. Civ. Pro. § 337 (4 years); 735 ILCS 5/13-206 (10 years)

⁴ NCUA's claims were tolled by fraudulent concealment, NCUA Compl. ¶¶ 193-223, and are subject to the discovery rule given the difficulty of discovering the misconduct: **Texas:** *Via Net v. TIG Ins. Co.*, 211 S.W.3d 310, 314-15 (Tex. 2006); *Robinson v. Weaver*, 550 S.W.2d 18, 22 n.1 (Tex. 1977); *S.V. v. R.V.*, 933 S.W.2d 1, 5 (Tex. 1996) (canvassing example applications of the discovery rule, including in a "loan contract fraud" action). **California:** *Aryeh v. Canon Bus. Soln.s, Inc.*, 292 P.3d 871, 875, 878 (Cal. 2013) (UCL); *Gryczman v. 4550 Pico Partners, Ltd.*, 131 Cal. Rptr. 2d 680, 682 (Cal. Ct. App. 2003). **Illinois:** *Greenberg v. Broad Capital Assocs., Inc.*, 2002 WL 31269617, at *3 (N.D. Ill. Oct. 9, 2002) (citing *Hermitage Corp. v. Contractors Adjustment Co.*, 651 N.E.2d 1132, 1135 (Ill. 1995)). **Kansas:** Kan. Stat. Ann. § 60-513(b).